

## Cleaved PARP Mouse Monoclonal Antibody(M4)

Catalog	TDY160C	TDY160F		Tel: 010-82908854
Quantity	50µL	100µL		Free: 400-0620-621 Web: www.tdybio.com
For research use only.				
Applications		Species Cross-Reactivity	Molecular Weight	Isotype
WB, IHC		н	116KD(Pro)	lgG1
			89(Active)	

**Storage Buffer & Condition:** PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% **sodium azide** as Preservative and 50% Glycerol. Store at **-20°C**. **Do not aliquot the antibody**.

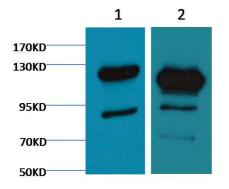
Recommended dilutions: WB: 1:1,000-3,000 IHC: 1:200-500

## Optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user.

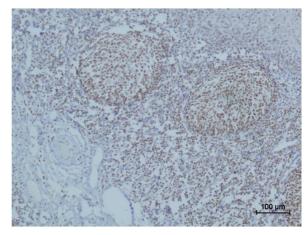
Specificity: Antibody can detects endogenous pro and active PARP protein.

Alternative Names: PARP-1, Poly(ADP ribose) polymerase 1, sPARP1, ADPRT1, ADP ribosyltransferase NAD(+)

**Background:** Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 1 (PARP-1) also known as NAD<sup>+</sup> ADP-ribosyltransferase 1 or poly[ADP-ribose] synthase 1 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the *PARP1* gene. PARP1 has a role in repair of single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) breaks. Knocking down intracellular PARP1 levels with siRNA or inhibiting PARP1 activity with small molecules reduces repair of ssDNA breaks. In the absence of PARP1, when these breaks are encountered during DNA replication, the replication fork stalls, and double-strand DNA (dsDNA) breaks accumulate.



Western blot analysis of 1) Jurkat ,2) Hela, with TDY160 diluted at 1:2,000.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Tonsil Tissue using Cleaved PARP (TDY160) Mouse mAb diluted at 1:500.